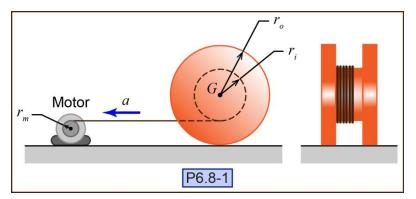
**P6.8-1)** A wood spool has a rope wrapped around its inner hub and rests on a cast iron track as shown in the figure. The spool has a radius of gyration about its mass center of 3.2 ft and a weight of 100 lb. The spool, starting from rest, has its rope pulled by a motor at 1 ft/s<sup>2</sup>. Determine the tension in the rope and the frictional force between the spool



and the track at this instant. Estimate the frictional characteristics as that between oak and cast iron and the kinetic coefficient is 80% of the static coefficient of friction. The physical parameters of the spool are as follows:  $r_o = 3$  ft and  $r_i = 1.5$  ft. The rope unwinds without slipping.

<u>Given:</u>

Find:

Solution:

Free-body diagram

## Friction

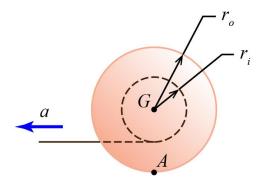
What are the coefficients of friction?



 $\mu_k = \_$ 

## Mass moment

Calculate the mass moment of inertia with respect to the mass center.



 $I_G = I_G$ 

Angular Acceleration	Tension
Use kinematics to solve for the angular acceleration of the spool assuming no slip.	Use the equation of motion to solve for the tension.
	<i>T</i> =
	Equation of motion – Method 2
	Use Euler's second law to derive the spool's equations of motion, in <u>variable form</u> , using point <i>G</i> as a reference.
	Reference point = $G$
α =	
Equation of motion – Method 1	
Use Euler's second law to derive the spool's equations of motion, in <u>variable form</u> , using point $A$ as a reference.	
Reference point = $A$	
	Eq.M:
	Use Newton's second law to derive the spool's equations of motion.
	Assume no slip.
Eq.M:	Eq.M:

Friction Force	Tension
Use the equations of motion to solve for the static friction force.	Solve for the tension in the rope and verify that you obtain the same value that you did using the first method.
$F_{fs} =$	
Confirm that the spool does not slip.	
	<i>T</i> =
-	
$F_{fs,max} = \_$	